Registered No. M.—1175

315

296

The Mysore Gazette.

Vol. 68] PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY [No. 50.

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1933.

PART I

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Declares that all Government tanks are open to the Adikarnatakas.

ORDER NO. R. 2864-923—L. R. 211-33-2, DATED BANGALORE, THE 15TH DECEMBER 1933.

It has been brought to the notice of Government that in some places the members of the Adikarnataka Community have been prevented from taking water from Government tanks. Government are pleased to declare thal all Government tanks are open to all the subjects of His Highness the Maharaja, irrespective of caste or community for all legitimate purposes. Government Officers are directed to see that no obstruction of any kind is offered to the members of the community while using these tanks for any legitimate purpose.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

Working of the Revenue Survey Department for the year 1932-33.

READ—

Letter No. 26, dated 2nd September 1933, from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Settlements, submitting the report on the working of the Revenue Survey and Settlement Department for the year 1932-33.

ORDER No. R. 2938-47—L. S. 18-33-3, DATED BANGALORE, THE 18TH DECEMBER 1933.

Recorded.

2. *Administrative Changes.*—Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachari, B.A., B.L. continued to be the *Ex-officio* Superintendent of Survey till the 5th November 1932, when he was appointed Member of Council. Mr. S. Hiriannaiya, M.A., B.L., then took charge and continued to be the *Ex-officio* Superintendent till the end of the year. Mr. S. N. Appanna Iyengar continued to be the Deputy Superintendent till 18th June 1933, when he was appointed to act as General Secretary to Government.

3. *Total outturn of Field work done during the year.*—

(*a*) *Inam villages.*

Item of work	Villages	S. Nos.	Area	
			Acres	guntas
1. Original measurement	12	1048	3,396	34
2. Original Classification	9	1006	3,848	31
3. Resurvey	3	344	495	11
4. Reclassification	4	394	734	1
5. Phut Pahani	7	539 and 617 hissas.	949	15
Band Pahani and Katcha pahani ..	12	1700	..	..
Bab Pahani	..	7	8	11
6. Miscellaneous Phod work.	4	8	27	34
Total ..	51	5663	9,460	17

(*b*) *Government Villages.*—(1) The total number of darkhast phodi and other records disposed of during the year under report, was 9,661 as against 8,535 in the previous year.

(2) Sub-division of land was effected in 4,150 villages comprising 15,198 survey numbers with an area of 65,729 acres 9 guntas.

(3) Classification of lands sub-divided was carried out in respect of 11,082 numbers distributed over 2,631 villages comprising an area of 52,282 acres 31 guntas.

(4) The Land Records staff attached to the Taluks detected 619 cases of encroachments covering an area of 480 acres 19 guntas and representing an approximate assessment of Rs. 598-14-0.

(5) The inspection of marks defining the boundaries of survey numbers was carried out in respect of 9,661 numbers situated in 1,969 villages.

There has been a slight increase in the total outturn of field work during the year under report as compared with that of the previous year.

(c) *Special Works.*—(1) Forty-six villages were inspected in the Arsikere Taluk for detecting encroachments on hallas, etc., as directed in Government Order No. R. 2980-2—L. R. 450-28-5, dated 6th December 1932. Three hundred and ninety-nine such cases involving an area of 67 acres, 37 guntas were detected in the course of inspection.

(2) The boundaries of the Police grounds in Bhogenahalli village, Bangalore Taluk, and of the Burmah Shell Oil Company premises in the Bangalore City Railway Station as also the boundaries of the Mysore Iron Works area were measured and located during the year.

(3) Madalgere kaval in Chennarayapatna Taluk was remeasured.

(4) Inspection of talapariges in Madhugiri and Pavagada Taluks was conducted by the District Survey Officer, Tumkur District, and the Sub-Division Officer, Madhugiri Sub-Division, jointly as directed in Government Order No. R. 402-4—R. M. 6-29-115, dated 19th July 1930.

4. *Distribution of working days—Field work and no field work.*—It is observed that there has been no appreciable improvement in the number of days under "Field work" in the Shimoga District as compared with the figures under this head during the previous year. A report as to whether a systematic programme was adopted as observed in the Government Review on the last year's report should have been furnished.

5. *Remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.*—The proposals formulated in the previous year for the decennial revision of Potgi in 543 villages in five Taluks, the biennial revision of Potgi of 45 villages in three Taluks and the revision of potgi due to the introduction of revision settlement into Nanjangud and T.-Narsipur Taluks in respect of 253 villages, which had been postponed last year, were sanctioned and given effect to. Besides, the decennial revision of potgi in respect of 1,991 villages pertaining to 20 Taluks, the biennial revision of potgi of 46 villages of the Yedatore Taluk and the temporary potgi to the Patels and Shanbhogs of five kaval villages scattered over five Taluks were also sanctioned and given effect to during the year.

Original, decennial and revision potgi in respect of 28, 24 and 44 inam villages respectively, were sanctioned and given effect to.

6. *Preparation, Printing and issue of Maps.*—In addition to the resurvey map of 28 villages which remained to be printed at the end of the previous year, maps of 344 villages (original) and resurvey maps of 36 villages were prepared and printed during the year. The total number of village maps issued during the year was 6,478 as against 4,300 in the year previous. One hundred copies of each of the Taluk maps of Chikballapur and Koratagere were printed in the Litho Press of the department and 100 copies each of the maps of seven other taluks were got printed at the Photo-zinco Office, Poona and the local press to replenish the stock. The total amount realised by the sale of the Village, Taluk, District and other maps was Rs. 2,064 and the cost of maps supplied free to the Revenue Department was Rs. 3,221.

The Survey Superintendent suggests that the issue of maps free of cost should be stopped and that the maps supplied to the various departments or officers should be paid for out of their contingencies, the value being credited to the Survey Department. Separate proposals may be submitted by the Survey Superintendent in the matter.

7. *Inams.*—The total number of land inams resumed to Government during the year was 114 resulting in a decrease of about Rs. 137-8-0 in the revenue under inam and an increase in the land revenue proper by about Rs. 739. Village service inams of an aggregate extent of 27 acres were granted afresh in nine cases, while seven such inams of an extent of about 13 acres were resumed to Government. During the year, original settlement was introduced into four inam villages and Resettlement into five inam villages.

8. *Survey Training.*—In pursuance of Government Order No. R. 6201—L. S. 21-31-20, dated 29th June 1932, a batch of 50 recruits received survey training and 47 of them came out successful in the examination.

9. *Boundary Mark Charges.* An allotment of Rs. 1,000 only was made under this head in the budget of this year as against Rs. 30,000 and Rs. 12,000 respectively, in the two previous years. Only a sum of Rs. 143-15-0 was however expended during the year as in many cases the land holders themselves came forward to put up boundary marks at their own cost.

10. *Tours and Inspections.*—The District Survey Officer, Bangalore, toured for only 154 days and the District Survey Officer, Mysore, toured the largest number of days, *viz.*, 211. The Survey Superintendent inspected the Land Records work of Nagamangala Taluk and the District Survey Offices of Kolar, Shimoga and Hassan. The Deputy Superintendent inspected the District Survey Offices at Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore, Hassan and Shimoga.

11. *Record of Rights Scheme.*—Including 12 taluks in which Record of Rights Scheme was introduced during the year, the total number of taluks that have come so far under the scheme is 44.

Out of 37 taluks in which the preliminary work by the Revenue Department was completed, the Hissa survey work was completed in ten taluks and two Sub-Taluks and the Hissa survey final records of all the villages of these taluks and Sub-Taluks were sent to the Taluk Offices. Hissa survey work in 26 taluks was in various stages

of progress. The number of hissas measured was 2,92,791 as against 3,47,140 in the previous year.

It is observed that the Hissa survey work in the Hassan District has gone ahead of the Record of Rights work done by the Revenue Department. It is hoped that with the addition of the trained recruits in May last and with the experience gained, there would be similar progress in the Hissa survey work during the current year in respect of the other districts also.

12. *General.*—The District Survey Officers were made subordinate to the Deputy Commissioners of the respective districts, in non-technical matters.

2. A Conference for the settlement of boundary disputes between Mysore and Anantapur was held by the Revenue Commissioner and the Superintendent of Survey and the Collector of Anantapur, and the matter was reserved for joint final inspection

13. The cost of the Department for the year under report was Rs. 1,41,602 as against Rs. 1,49,438-3-4 in the previous year.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

Working of the Excise Department for the year 1932-33.

READ—

Letter No. B. 3-50—1/32-33, dated 28th October 1933, from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore, submitting the Report on the Administration of the Excise Department for the year 1932-33.

ORDER NO. FL. 3320-30—EX. 34-33-3, DATED BANGALORE, THE 18TH DECEMBER 1933.

Recorded.

2. *Important Changes.*—The following were some of the important changes ordered during the year under review:—

(1) A license fee of annas eight per gallon of denatured spirits sold to the public in licensed shops was ordered to be levied with effect from 1st July 1933.

(2) The rate of duty on ganja was raised to Rs. 27-8-0 per seer of 80 tolas with effect from 1st July 1933.

3. *Country Spirits.*—The new contractor, Hajee Sir Ismail Sait, took up the manufacturing business with effect from 1st July 1932.

The Excise Commissioner reports that the supply of water to the Distillery was, on the whole, adequate and satisfactory.

The total quantity of spirits manufactured decreased from 2,48,797 gallons in 1931-32 to 2,30,847 gallons during the year under review. The quantity supplied to depots and institutions, etc., in the State amounted to 1,83,558 gallons as against 2,01,785 gallons in the year previous, while that issued to Civil and Military Station amounted to 39,667 gallons as against 47,759 gallons in 1931-32.

4. *Carriage of Liquor.*—The carriage of liquor and ganja continued to be under Departmental control.

5. *Arrack.*—The molasses arrack consumed in the State during the year amounted to 1,73,397 gallons as against 1,88,949 gallons in the year previous, thus showing a further falling off by 15,552 gallons, which is attributed to trade depression and general poverty of the drinking public. The incidence of consumption per head of population showed a further fall to 1·4 drams from 1·7 drams in the preceding year.

6. *Shops.*—There were 536 arrack, 2,001 toddy (date) 247 ganja and 88 opium shops during the year as against 539, 2,014, 248 and 88 respectively, during 1931-32.

There was one arrack shop for every 55·0 square miles as against 54·7 square miles in the preceding year and each shop served on an average 11,984 persons as against 11,917 persons in the previous year.

7. *Toddy.*—The trees tapped for toddy during the year increased to 2,52,568 from 2,42,560 in the year previous, while the total revenue under this head also increased to Rs. 32,56,206 as against Rs. 31,98,497 in the preceding year.

8. *Ganja.*—A block of 25 acres was under ganja cultivation in Goribidnur Taluk as against 22 acres in the preceding year, the average yield per acre being 17·7 maunds as against 8·7 maunds in 1931-32. The total revenue from this source amounted to Rs. 4,04,813 as against Rs. 3,79,603 in the year previous.

9. *Excise Offences.*—The total number of offences reported during the year was 3,695 as against 3,653 in the year previous, out of which 737 were heinous offences as against 840 in 1931-32. Cases relating to illicit distillation and possession of illicitly manufactured liquor were 428 as against 425 in the preceding year, out of which 302 were booked in the Shimoga District, 40 in Kadur and 45 in Chitaldrug District as against 321, 38 and 30 respectively, in the year previous.

Government regret to notice that in spite of the mobile staff specially employed for the suppression of illicit practices in the Kadur and Shimoga Districts, they have not shown a tendency to decline; on the contrary, the malpractices seem to have spread to the neighbouring Chitaldrug District where the cases detected have gone up from 30 to 40. This points to an urgent need for the collaboration of the Excise Intelligence Bureau with the mobile staff for an early eradication of the evil.

10. *Inspections.*—The inspection of date groves should receive more attention than at present. In other respects, the inspection work was, on the whole, satisfactory.

11. *Financial Results.*—The total demand for the year including arrears outstanding at the end of the previous year amounted to Rs. 61,19,679 as against Rs. 61,67,275 in 1931-32, out of which a sum of Rs. 59,92,346 was collected, a sum of Rs. 7,604 was remitted leaving a balance of Rs. 1,19,729 at the end of the year. The Excise Commissioner is requested to issue needful instructions for the prompt collection of all arrears.

12. *Excise Licensing Boards.*—Government regret to notice that out of 39 Licensing Boards in the State, the Boards of Bangalore City, Davangere, Chitaldrug, Chikmagalur, Birur, Seringapatam, Shikarpur, Madhugiri and Sira are reported to have not met at all during the year and they trust that the public will evince a keener interest in the working of these bodies in future.

13. Government are glad to observe that the administration of the Department during the year was, on the whole, satisfactory.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

Printing of Entertainments-tax Stamps in different colours.

READ—

Government Order No. L. 6442-52—Ml. 275-32-6, dated the 5th April 1933, directing among other things that the Entertainments-tax stamps be printed in green colour and that, for the present, only the stamps of the denomination of Re. 1 be printed, the lower values being over-printed thereon in black.

2. Letter No. G. 31146—32-33, dated the 5th July 1933, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, bringing to the notice of Government that considerable difficulty is likely to be felt, as the several denominations of these stamps are of one and the same colour and suggesting that they may be printed in different colours to enable their being checked promptly.

3. Correspondence ending with letter No. C. 24—33-34, dated the 15th November 1933, from the Commissioner of Stamps in Mysore, furnishing the opinion of the Superintendent, Stamp Manufactory, and recommending that the proposal made by the latter to print the stamps in different colours, be adopted for reasons given.

ORDER No. L. 4143-52—ML. 275-32-42, DATED BANGALORE, THE 14—16TH DECEMBER 1933.

The Commissioner of Stamps who was requested to furnish his opinion in the matter has, in consultation with the Superintendent, Stamp Manufactory, reported that